Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2023

For the year ended March 31, 2023

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To the Chief and Council and Members of Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation (the "First Nation"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, remeasurement gains, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its consolidated operations, its remeasurement gains and losses and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.



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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the First Nation to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible
 for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Waterloo, Ontario

Chartered Professional Accountants

July 2, 2024

Licensed Public Accountants

MNPLLP



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2023

	AS at I	
	2023	2022
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	21,230,156	25,524,649
Restricted cash (Note 4)	17,042,164	18.847,115
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	6,568,920	2,025,190
Inventory for resale (Note 6)	464,532	243,352
Portfolio investments (Note 3), (Note 7)	19,070,190	16,167,137
Due from First Nation members (Note 8)	5,914,102	4,935,783
Due from Community Trust Land Claim fund (Note 9)	3,615,879	3,565,417
Investment in government business enterprises (Note 10)	4,319,030	2,703,876
Ottawa trust fund (Note 11)	351,072	329,175
Loans receivable (Note 12)	3,373,900	7,223,900
Total of financial assets	81,949,945	81,565,594
P1		
Financial liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 13)	5,502,825	4,157,638
Deferred revenue (Note 14)	15,482,767	16,178,396
Toronto Purchase Trust funds payable (Note 15)	2,369,238	4,274,076
Long-term debt (Note 16)	453,067	720,130
Long-term debt (Note 10)	453,067	720,130
Total of financial liabilities	23,807,897	25,330,240
Net financial assets	58,142,048	56,235,354
Contingencies (Note 17)		
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 18) (Schedule 1)	37,658,531	26,504,333
Prepaid expenses	170,318	39,182
Tropala expenses	170,010	00,102
Total non-financial assets	37,828,849	26,543,515
Accumulated surplus	95,970,897	82,778,869
Accumulated surplus is comprised of:		
Accumulated operating surplus (Note 19)	93,552,375	82,778,869
	2,418,522	02,770,009
Accumulated remeasurement gains	2.410.322	-
Accumulated remeasurement gains	_,,	

Approved on behalf of the First Nation

Chief

Ermon Ferrell

Councillor

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31, 2023

			Warch 51, 2020
	2023	2023	2022
	Budget	2023	2022
	(Note 21)		
	, , , , ,		
Revenue		40.000	17 000 100
Indigenous Services Canada (Note 25)	8,441,157	19,979,621	17,682,106
Health Canada (Note 25)	1,367,642	1,350,867	1,568,531
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (Note 25)	37,997	30,550	37,695
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation - Rapid Housing Initiative (Note 25)	-	-	6,600,000
Aboriginal Labour Force Development Circle	-	432,914	368,079
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Service (Note 25)	1,286,850	1,038,194	1,326,066
Ministry of Education (Note 25)	1,129,835	946,683	952,829
Ministry of Health and Long-term Care (Note 25)	1,696,081	549,426	405,888
Ministry of Transportation	72,900	72,900	72,900
Ontario First Nation Limited Partnership revenue	· •	1,135,325	801,645
Federal Economic Development Agency	-	703,820	, <u>-</u>
Toronto Purchase Trust revenue	_	9,919,110	16,192,109
Community Trust Land Claim Fund revenue	553,000	319,890	214,790
Sales from business enterprises	-	17,921,204	13,453,434
Income from portfolio investments	352,300	910,012	488,502
Increase (decrease) in investment in government business enterprises	-	615,154	(610,753)
(Note 10)		010,104	(010,700)
Other income	8,800,219	9,218,442	8,408,784
Repayment of funding	0,000,219	(88,452)	(224,249)
Deferred revenue - prior year	-	16,178,396	6,188,826
Deferred revenue - current year	-	(15,482,767)	(16,178,396)
Deletted tevenue - current year	<u> </u>	(13,402,707)	(10,170,390)
	23,737,981	65,751,289	57,748,786
Program expenses (Schedule 2)			
Council and administration	5,853,255	4,785,403	3,631,333
Public works and housing	4,054,414	3,332,936	2,398,706
Economic development	880,100	420,418	425,884
Health and social services	3,360,899	3,612,539	3,384,078
Education	11,677,286	8,246,485	7,726,283
Land, membership and research	571,546	304,135	293,301
Childcare			1,832,613
	2,750,305	2,575,403	
Employment and training	2 202 000	589,516	545,850
Consultation and accommodation	3,202,000	2,686,146	2,541,458
Business enterprises	•	17,042,157	12,818,937
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	1,823,929	1,630,490
Community funds	-	9,558,716	6,925,663
	32,349,805	54,977,783	44,154,596
Surplus	(8,611,824)	10,773,506	13,594,190
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	82,778,869	82,778,869	69,184,679
Accumulated surplus, end of year	74,167,045	93,552,375	82,778,869

Consolidated Statement of Remeasurement Gains

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	-	-
Remeasurement gain on change in accounting policy - portfolio investments (Note 3)	3,022,385	_
Remeasurement loss - portfolio investments	(603,863)	-
Change in remeasurement gains and balance, end of year	2,418,522	-

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

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	2023 Budget (Note 21)	2023	2022
Annual surplus	(10,775,195)	10,773,506	13,594,190
Cash purchases of tangible capital assets	-	(11,808,052)	(2,586,727)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	1,823,929	1,630,490
Change in prepaid expenditures	-	(131,136)	52,783
Non-cash purchase of tangible capital assets	-	(1,170,075)	-
Change in remeasurement gains, for the year	-	2,418,522	-
Increase in net financial assets	(10,775,195)	1,906,694	12,690,736
Net financial assets, beginning of year	56,235,354	56,235,354	43,544,618
Net financial assets, end of year	45,460,159	58,142,048	56,235,354

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Cash Flows For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating activities		
Surplus	10,773,506	13,594,190
Non-cash items	10,110,000	10,001,100
Amortization	1,823,929	1,630,490
Net (increase) decrease in investment in government business enterprises	(615,154)	610,753
	11,982,281	15,835,433
Changes in working capital accounts		
Accounts receivable	(4,543,730)	(765,909
Prepaid expenditures	(131,136)	52,783
Inventory held for resale	(221,180)	291,509
Due from Community Trust Land Claim Fund	(50,462)	(17,850
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	175,112	1,633,046
Deferred revenue	(695,629)	9,989,570
Toronto Purchase Trust funds payable	(1,904,838)	(3,045,712
	4,610,418	23,972,870
Financing activities		
Repayment of long-term debt	(267,063)	(55,319
Tropaymont or long torm dobt	(201,000)	(00,010
Capital activities		
Cash purchases of tangible capital assets	(11,808,052)	(2,586,727
nvesting activities		
Change in portfolio investments (net)	(484,531)	(1,032,733
Advances of loans receivable	` - ´	(6,600,000
Repayments of loans receivable	3,850,000	100
Advances to First Nations members, net of repayments	(978,319)	(445,598
Increase in restricted cash - Social Housing reserves	(69,687)	(2,059
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash - Toronto Purchase Trust funds	1,874,638	(5,595,728
Increase in Ottawa trust fund	(21,897)	(5,120
Equity contribution to government business enterprise	(1,000,000)	(500,000
Investment in government business enterprise	-	(100
	3,170,204	(14,181,238
Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(4,294,493)	7,149,586
		, ,
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	25,524,649	18,375,063

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

1. Operations

The Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation (the "First Nation") is located in the province of Ontario, and provides various services to its members. Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation includes the Nation's members, government and all related entities that are accountable to the Nation and are either owned or controlled by the First Nation.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and including the following significant accounting policies:

Reporting entity

The financial statements consolidate the financial activities of the First Nation government and all related entities, except for First Nation business entities. Trusts administered on behalf of third parties by Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation are excluded from the First Nation reporting entity.

The First Nation has consolidated the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures of the New Credit Variety and Gas Bar which is controlled by the First Nation.

All inter-entity balances have been eliminated on consolidation; however, transactions between departments have not been eliminated in order to present the results of operations for each specific department.

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation business entities, owned or controlled by the First Nation's Council but not dependent on the First Nation for their continuing operations, are included in the financial statements using the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the equity method of accounting is modified only to the extent that the business entity's accounting principles are not adjusted to conform to those of the First Nation. Thus, the First Nation's investment in these entities is recorded at acquisition cost and is increased for the proportionate share of post acquisition earnings and decreased by post acquisition losses and distributions received. 8392692 Canada Inc., Mississaugas of the Credit Business Corporation ("MCBC"), Mississaugas of the Credit Business LP ("MCB-LP") and Mississaugas of the Credit - Nanticoke Solar LP Corporation ("Nanticoke Corporation") are accounted for using the modified equity method.

Basis of presentation

Sources of revenue and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as it becomes available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent include balances with banks and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling costs.

Inventory held for resale is classified as a financial asset when all of the following criteria are met:

- The First Nation has committed to sell the asset prior to March 31, 2024;
- The asset is in a condition to be sold;
- The asset is publicly seen to be for sale;
- There is an active market for the asset;
- A plan exists for selling the asset; and
- A sale to a party external to the First Nation can reasonably be expected within one year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments in entities that are not controlled or influenced by the First Nation reporting entity with prices quoted in an active market are measured at fair value while those that are not quoted in an active market are measured at cost less impairment. Portfolio investments with prices quoted in an active market include equities, and mutual funds. Changes in fair value are recorded in the statement of remeasurement gains.

Loans receivable

Loans are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at their amortized cost less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated as the loans' principal amount plus unamortized loan administration fees, less any allowance for anticipated losses, plus accrued interest. Interest revenue is recorded on the accrual basis using the effective interest method. Loan administration fees are amortized over the term of the loan using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the carrying amount of the financial asset.

Net financial assets

The First Nation's consolidated financial statements are presented so as to highlight net financial assets as the measurement of financial position. The net financial assets of the First Nation is determined by its financial assets less its liabilities. Net financial assets combined with non-financial assets comprise a second indicator of financial position, accumulated surplus.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with surplus, provides the change in net financial assets.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are initially recorded at cost based on historical cost accounting records. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of contribution.

Amortization

Tangible capital assets are amortized annually using the following methods at rates intended to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives:

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	wethod	Rate
Buildings Income producing properties Income producing properties - CMHC	straight-line straight-line straight-line	25 to 40 years 40 years 25 years
Infrastructure	straight-line	25 years
Equipment and furniture	straight-line	5 to 10 years
Vehicles	straight-line	10 years
Land Improvement	straight-line	15 years

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets consist of tangible capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Long-lived assets (Continued from previous page)

The First Nation performs impairment testing on long-lived assets held for use whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset, or group of assets, may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if the carrying amount exceeds the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows from its use and disposal. Impairment is measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its fair value. Fair value is measured using quoted market prices. Any impairment is included in surplus for the year.

Funds held in Ottawa Trust Fund

Funds held in trust on behalf of First Nation members by the Government of Canada in the Ottawa Trust Fund are reported on the statement of financial position with an offsetting amount in accumulated operating surplus. Trust moneys consist of:

- Capital trust moneys derived from non-renewable resource transactions on the sale of land or other First Nation tangible capital assets; and
- · Revenue trust moneys generated primarily through land leasing transactions or interest earned on deposits held in trust.

Revenue recognition

Government Transfers

The First Nation recognizes a government transfer as revenue when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria, if any, have been met. A government transfer with stipulations giving rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability is recognized as a liability. In such circumstances, the First Nation recognizes revenue as the liability is settled. Transfers of non-depreciable assets are recognized in revenue when received or receivable.

Externally restricted revenue

The First Nation recognizes externally restricted inflows as revenue in the period the resources are used for the purpose specified in accordance with an agreement or legislation. Until this time, the First Nation records externally restricted inflows in deferred revenue.

Funds held in Ottawa Trust Fund

Due to measurement uncertainty, revenue related to the receipt of funds held in the Ottawa Trust Fund is recognized when it is received.

Other income

Other income is recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection reasonably assured.

Retirement benefits

The First Nation has a defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees. There are no prior service costs. Plan members are required to contribute 3.05% of their salary up to a maximum of 8% of their base salary. The First Nation matches the amounts contributed by members which are directed to the member's contribution account. Pension costs are charged to operations as contributions are due.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Use of estimates (Continued from previous page)

Accounts receivable, loans receivable and amounts due from First Nation members are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Provisions are made for slow moving and obsolete inventory. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Accrued liabilities are based on the expectation of amounts payable for goods and services for which invoices were not received prior to year end. Repayment of funding is estimated based on calculated surpluses.

Segments

The First Nation conducts its business through eleven reportable segments: Council and administration; Public works and housing; Economic development; Health and social services; Education; Land, membership and research; Childcare; Employment and training; Consultation and accommodation; Community funds and Business enterprises. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives to aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance.

For each reported segment, revenue and expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements

Asset retirement obligation

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to retire a tangible capital asset (or a component thereof) at the financial statement date when there is a legal obligation for the First Nation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset (or component thereof), the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities, based on information available at March 31, 2023. The best estimate of an asset retirement obligation incorporates a present value technique, when the cash flows required to settle or otherwise extinguish an asset retirement obligation are expected to occur over extended future periods.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding asset retirement cost is capitalized to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset (or component thereof). The asset retirement cost is amortized over the useful life of the related asset.

At each financial reporting date, the First Nation reviews the carrying amount of the liability. The First Nation recognizes period-to-period changes to the liability due to the passage of time as accretion expense. Changes to the liability arising from revisions to either the timing, the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows or the discount rate are recognized as an increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset.

The First Nation continues to recognize the liability until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Disbursements made to settle the liability are deducted from the reported liability when they are made.

Financial instruments

The First Nation recognizes its financial instruments when the First Nation becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the First Nation may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any financial instrument at fair value. The First Nation has not made such an election during the year. Fair value is determined by reference to recent arm's length transactions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

Financial instruments (Continued from previous page)

The First Nation subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Transactions to purchase or sell these items are recorded on the trade date. Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost. With the exception of those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in operating surplus. Conversely, transaction costs are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

All financial instruments reported on the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023 are measured as follows:

Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents
Restricted cash
Accounts receivable
Portfolio investments
Equities
Mutual funds
Due from First Nation members

Due from Community Trust Land Claim fund

Ottawa trust fund Loans receivable

Financial liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Toronto Purchase Trust funds payable Long-term debt

Measurement Basis

Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost

Fair value Fair value

Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost

Measurement Basis

Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost Cost/amortized cost

All financial assets except derivatives are tested annually for impairment. Management considers whether the investee has experienced continued losses for a period of years, recent collection experience for the loan, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, etc. in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. Any impairment, which is not considered temporary, is recorded in the statement of operations. Write-downs of financial assets measured at cost and/or amortized cost to reflect losses in value are not reversed for subsequent increases in value. Reversals of any net remeasurements of financial assets measured at fair value are reported in the statement of remeasurement gains.

Financial instruments that are subsequently measured at fair value are classified based on the observability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices for similiar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

3. Change in accounting policies

The First Nation has adopted the following standards and recommendations issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB):

Asset retirement obligations

Effective April 1, 2022, the First Nation adopted the PSAB new standard for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of a liability for asset retirement obligations under PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations. The new standard establishes when to recognize and how to measure a liability for an asset retirement obligation, and provides the related financial statement presentation and disclosure requirements. Pursuant to these recommendations, the change was applied prospectively, and prior periods have not been restated.

There was no material impact on the financial statements from the prospective application of the new accounting recommendations, as the asset retirement obligations of the First Nation were assessed as immaterial.

Financial instruments

Effective April 1, 2022, the First Nation adopted the PSAB new recommendations for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial assets, financial liabilities and derivatives under Section PS 3450 *Financial Instruments*. The new Section is applied prospectively, and prior periods have not been restated.

The prospective application of the new accounting recommendations resulted in a remeasurement gain on change in accounting policy on April 1, 2022 of \$3,022,385, and a remeasurement loss at the reporting date on March 31, 2023 of \$603,863. The net remeasurement gain has been recognized on the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains.

Financial statement presentation

Effective April 1, 2022, the First Nation adopted Section PS 1201 Financial Statement Presentation, which replaces PS 1200 Financial Statement Presentation. PS 1201 is generally equivalent to PS 1200 except that the First Nation is now required to present a Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses showing separately: unrealized gains (losses) attributable to financial instruments in the fair value category; exchange gains (losses) associated with monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency that have not been settled; amounts reclassified to the statement of operations upon derecognition or settlement; and, other comprehensive income from government business enterprises and partnerships. Upon adoption of this Section, the First Nation reports on its financial condition by presenting its accumulated operating surplus and net debt which includes accumulated remeasurement gains (losses).

Portfolio investments

Effective April 1, 2022, the First Nation adopted Section PS 3041 - Portfolio Investments, applicable in the period in which Section PS 1201 Financial Statement Presentation and Section PS 3450 Financial Instruments are adopted. This Section establishes standards on how to account for and report portfolio investments in government financial statements. The impact of the adoption of this section is included within financial instruments in change in accounting policies above.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

4. Restricted cash

Under the terms of an agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, the First Nation must set aside funds annually for the repair, maintenance and replacement of assets. These funds are to be held in a separate bank account and invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as otherwise approved by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation with any interest earned to be credited as revenue in the statement of operations and allocated to the New Housing and Sanitation Reserve fund in the First Nation's accumulated surplus.

Under the terms of the Toronto Purchase Trust agreement, the First Nation shall use the funds retained in the bank account to fund the Community Wellness Policy and Estate Policy. All remaining funds are to be spent by Council on researching, negotiating further land claims, education, health, housing, culture, and economic and community development.

Social housing reserves - externally restricted Toronto Purchase Trust funds - internally restricted 16,711,437 18,586,075 17,042,164 18,847,115 18,847			2023	2022
Pederal Government Indigenous Services Canada			<u>16,711,437</u>	18,586,075
Federal Government Indigenous Services Canada	5.	Accounts receivable		
Indigenous Services Canada			2023	2022
Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism Ministry of Children, Community, and Social Service Ministry of Children, Community, and Social Service Ministry of Education 11,753 13,803 13,803 13,803 11,753 13,803 13,8			4,332,301	1,004,106
Other Other receivables 1,975,598 1,258,681 Mississaugas of the Credit Community Trust 248,490 - Metrolinx 240,917 - Cy465,005 1,258,681 Gross accounts receivable 6,834,170 2,290,440 Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts on other receivables (265,250) (265,250) 6. Inventory for resale 2023 2022 Gas 82,958 79,045 Tobacco 370,787 157,474 General 10,787 6,833		Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism Ministry of Children, Community, and Social Service	12,945	1,684
Other receivables 1,975,598 1,258,681 Mississaugas of the Credit Community Trust Metrolinx 248,490 - Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts on other receivables 6,834,170 2,290,440 Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts on other receivables (265,250) (265,250) 6. Inventory for resale 2023 2022 Gas 82,958 79,045 Tobacco 370,787 157,474 General 10,787 6,833			36,864	27,653
Gross accounts receivable Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts on other receivables (265,250) (265,250) 6,568,920 2,025,190 6. Inventory for resale 2023 2022 Gas 82,958 79,045 Tobacco 370,787 157,474 General 10,787 6,833		Other receivables Mississaugas of the Credit Community Trust	248,490	1,258,681 - -
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts on other receivables			2,465,005	1,258,681
6. Inventory for resale 2023 2022 Gas Tobacco Tobacco General Tobacco Tobacco General Tobacco General Tobacco Tobacc		*····		
Gas 82,958 79,045 Tobacco 370,787 157,474 General 10,787 6,833			6,568,920	2,025,190
Gas82,95879,045Tobacco370,787157,474General10,7876,833	6.	Inventory for resale		
Tobacco 370,787 157,474 General 10,787 6,833			2023	2022
464,532 243,352		Tobacco	370,787	157,474
			464,532	243,352

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

6. Inventory for resale (Continued from previous page)

The cost of inventories recognized as an expenditure for the year ending March 31, 2023 and included in business enterprises on the consolidated statement of operations amounted to \$16,408,171 (2022 - \$12,269,786).

7. Portfolio investments

		2023		2022
	Cost	Market	Cost	Market
Equities	8,245,918	11,262,976	861,294	997,645
Mutual funds	8,405,750	7,807,214	15,305,843	18,011,704
	16,651,668	19,070,190	16,167,137	19,009,349

8. Due from First Nation Members

	2023	2022
New homes Renovation	5,044,104 869,998	4,258,622 677,161
	5,914,102	4,935,783

New home allotments are 75-100% repayable by the borrower. During the year, new home allotments of \$2,100,000 (2022 - \$800,000) were provided of which \$2,100,000 (2022 - \$800,000) are repayable. The outstanding loans are secured by a Transfer of Lands to Council provision which remains in effect until all terms and conditions have been met. The repayable portion of these allotments bears interest at rates from 3-6% per annum.

Renovation allotments for existing homes are 25-100% repayable by the borrower. During the year renovation allotments of \$386,000 (2022 - \$156,000) were provided of which \$386,000 (2022 - \$156,000) are repayable. The loans bear interest at rates ranging from 3-6% per annum. Any allotment exceeding \$10,000 is secured by a Transfer of Lands to Council provision until the terms and conditions attached to the loan have been met.

9. Due from Community Trust Land Claim fund

The Community Trust Land Claim fund represents funds receivable from the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation Community Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust is governed by their own Board of Trustees who are responsible for administering the Trust's assets in accordance with the Trust agreement. The agreement states that land claim proceeds received in 1997 are to be held for the long-term benefit of the members of the First Nation. The Trust is not controlled by the First Nation and as such, the operations of the Trust have not been included in the First Nation's consolidated financial statements.

Under the terms of the Trust's agreement with the First Nation, the net annual income of the Trust will be allocated to the First Nation on or before December 31 of each year. The amount due from the Trust at year end is non-interest bearing, unsecured and is to be paid to the First Nation upon project approval from the Board of Trustees.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

10. Investment in government business enterprises

The First Nation owns 100% of 8392692 Canada Inc.,100% of Nanticoke Corporation, 100% of MCBC and 99.99% of MCBLP which are established for the purposes of investing in and/or operating various on-reserve and off-reserve business ventures.

Summary financial information for the investments accounted for using the modified equity method, for the year ended March 31, 2023 is as follows:

The First Nation has investments in the following entities:

					2023
	Investment cost, beginning of year	Subscription of shares	Share of surplus (deficit)	Equity contribution	Total investment
8392692 Canada Inc.	713,629	-	113,526	-	827,155
Mississaugas of the Credit Business LP Mississaugas of the Credit Business	500,100	-	6,941	1,000,000	1,507,041
Mississaugas of the Credit Business Corporation Nanticoke Corporation	25,490 1,464,657	-	(8,289) 502,976	- -	17,201 1,967,633
	2,703,876	-	615,154	1,000,000	4,319,030
					2022
	Investment cost, beginning of year	Subscription of shares	Share of deficit	Equity contribution	Total investment
8392692 Canada Inc. Mississaugas of the Credit Business	790,897	-	(77,268)	-	713,629
LP Mississaugas of the Credit Business Mississaugas of the Credit Business	-	100	-	500,000	500,100
Corporation Nanticoke Corporation	558,975 1,464,657	<u>-</u>	(533,485) -	- -	25,490 1,464,657
	2,814,529	100	(610,753)	500,000	2,703,876

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

10. Investment in government business enterprises (Continued from previous page)

	8392692 Canada			Nanticoke
	Inc.	MCB-LP	MCBC	Corporation
	March 31	December 31	December 31	March 31
	2023	2022	2022	2023
Assets	•			
Cash	287,579	-	6,686,785	336,134
Accounts receivable	389,576	1,077,756	-	-
Investments	150,000	-	-	1,631,499
Due from MCBC		6,116,185	-	-
Total assets	827,155	7,193,941	6,686,785	1,967,633
Accounts payable and accruals	-	1,281,085	3,499	-
Loan payable to MCB-LP	-	-	6,116,185	-
Loan payable to First Nation	-	4,400,000	549,900	-
Lease liability	-	5,815	-	-
Total liabilities	-	5,686,900	6,669,584	-
Accumulated surplus	827,155	1,507,041	17,201	1,967,633
Total revenue	153,322	752,148	339,312	669,862
Total expenses	39,796	745,207	347,601	166,886
Annual surplus (deficit)	113,526	6,941	(8,289)	502,976

The loan payable to the First Nation is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and has no set terms of repayment.

MCBC and MCB-LP have a fiscal year end of December 31. There have not been any significant transactions between December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

11. Ottawa trust fund

Capital and revenue trust monies are transferred to the First Nation on the authorization of the Minister of Indigenous Services Canada, with the consent of the First Nation's Chief and Council as follows:

	2023	2022
Capital Trust Balance, beginning and end of year	30,473	30,473
Revenue Trust Balance, beginning of year Interest	298,702 21,897	293,582 5,120
Balance, end of year	320,599	298,702
	351,072	329,175

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

Loans receivable				
			2023	2022
SN Technologies Corp. loan receivable, unsecured, be repayable from either the proceeds of the next purchas District or any new purchase or from the proceeds of a	e by a New York Stat	e School		
Tech.	capital faise of sale of	requity in Oiv	74,000	74,000
Mississaugas of the Credit Business Corporation loan runsecured and no set terms of repayment.	receivable, non-intere	st bearing,	3,299,900	7,149,900
			3,373,900	7,223,900
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities				
Accounts payable and accided habilities			2023	2022
Trade accounts payable			4,961,803	3,701,465
Accrued salaries and benefits payable			461,727	344,925
Other payable			79,295	111,248
			5,502,825	4,157,638
Deferred revenue				
	Balance,			
	beginning of year	Contributions received	Contributions recognized	Balance, end o _l year
Indigenous Services Canada Health Canada	7,735,442 644,288	19,979,621 1,350,867	16,687,098 1,470,786	11,027,965 524,369
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation - Rapid	,	1,000,001	, ,	•
Housing Initiative	6,600,000	-	3,850,000	2,750,000
Community Trust Land Claim Fund Province of Ontario - Other	602,356 27,995	319,890	382,726 27,995	539,520
Other	568,315	640,913	568,315	640,913

16,178,396

22,291,291

22,986,920

15,482,767

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

15. Toronto Purchase Trust funds payable

On February 22, 2010, Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada ("Canada") signed the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation Toronto Purchase Specific Claim and Brant Tract Specific Claim Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement") with the First Nation. Under the terms of the Settlement Agreement, Canada agreed to pay compensation to the First Nation for breaching the terms of the Toronto Purchase Claim in 1805 and for lack of compensation received related to the Brant Tract claim in 1797. As compensation for this settlement, Canada paid \$144,386,724 into a Trust Account governed by the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation Trust Agreement ("Trust Agreement"). The First Nation members gave assent and ratification of the terms of the Settlement Agreement and the Trust Agreement on May 29, 2010 and June 7, 2010 respectively.

The Settlement Agreement required the First Nation to establish the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation Toronto Purchase Trust ("the Trust") to hold the compensation and any income therefrom for the benefit of the current and future generation of members of the First Nation. The Trust is a separate legal entity and as such, the operations of the Trust have not been included in these consolidated financial statements. Under the terms of the Trust Agreement, the net annual income of the Trust will be allocated to the First Nation on or before December 31 of each year and paid within sixty days of December 31. The Trust amended its name to Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Toronto Purchase Trust on October 28, 2019.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, \$9,132,979 (2022 - \$15,346,189) was transferred to the First Nation from the Trust in order to fund the community wellness and estate policy expenditures and per capita distributions to members turning 18. The First Nation also earned \$786,131 (2022 - \$845,920) of interest and investment income related to investments made by the Trust.

- i) The outstanding balance represents wellness policy payments owing to members as at March 31, 2023 and 2022. During the year ended March 31, 2023 members were eligible to claim up to \$4,000 of wellness claims per member. The balance payable at year end represents members who have not yet claimed their wellness policy payment for the fiscal year. Members have 30 days after the end of the policy (fiscal) year to make a claim, after which time it is forfeited. During the year ended March 31, 2023, a total of \$8,941,000 (2022 \$5,905,668) was charged to the consolidated statement of operations (see Schedule 15), which is comprised of the total eligible disbursements incurred during the year ended March 31, 2023, adjusted for the prior year forfeitures of unclaimed amounts.
- ii) The outstanding balance represents per capita distributions owing to members turning 18 years old in the 2023 calendar year. Payable balance at year end represents members who have not turned 18 years old as of March 31 of each year or have not yet collected their distribution.
- iii) Balance represents unclaimed per capita distributions from the initial settlement of the trust of \$20,000 per member for a total of 48 members.

The Trust funds payable at year end are as follows:

	2023	2022
Wellness policy payments (i)	688,400	2,329,000
Amounts owing to members turning 18 years old (ii)	720,838	985,076
Initial payment upon agreement finalization (iii)	960,000	960,000
	2,369,238	4,274,076

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

16. Long-term debt

	2023	2022
CMHC loan repaid during the year ended March 31, 2023.	-	232,515
CMHC loan payable, guaranteed by Indigenous Services Canada, to be repaid over 20 years with interest at 1.13% and monthly blended payments of \$3,319, a renewal date of June 1, 2026, due 2035.	453,067	487,615
	453,067	720,130

Principal repayments on long-term debt in each of the next five years, assuming long-term debt subject to refinancing is renewed, are estimated as follows:

2024	33,039
2025	33,414
2026	33,794
2027	34,178
2028	34,566

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$7,026 (2022 - \$8,740).

17. Contingencies

The First Nation has entered into contribution agreements with various government departments. Funding received under these contribution agreements is subject to repayment if the First Nation fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreements.

18. Tangible capital assets

The tangible capital assets reconciliation is included in Schedule 1.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

19. Accumulated operating surplus

Accumulated operating surplus consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Internally restricted		
Reserve funds (Note 20)	10,040,584	8,671,931
Toronto Purchase Trust fund	27,830,975	18,849,450
Tom Howe Landfill Site Trust	885,073	885,073
	38,756,632	28,406,454
Externally restricted		
Community Trust Land Claim fund	3,615,879	3,367,389
Gaming Revenue - Sharing Fund	6,991,781	4,699,236
Ottawa trust fund	351,072	329,175
Social housing reserve	520,079	291,925
Indigenous Services Canada block funding reserve	-	2,719,173
	11,478,811	11,406,898
Unrestricted surplus		
Unappropriated operating surplus	2,962,513	14,477,438
Invested in tangible capital assets	36,035,389	25,784,203
Invested in government business enterprises	4,319,030	2,703,876
	43,316,932	42,965,517
	93,552,375	82,778,869

The amounts invested in tangible capital assets represents amounts already spent and invested in infrastructure and other non-financial assets.

The Community Trust Land Claim Fund represents unexpended funds from the Mississaugas of the New Credit First Nation Community Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust is governed by their own Board of Trustees who are responsible for administering the Trust's assets in accordance with the Trust agreement. The agreement states that land claim proceeds received in 1997 are to be held for the long-term benefit of the members of the First Nation.

The Tom Howe Landfill Site Trust represents funds received from the Municipality of Haldimand and are to be used for the benefit of the First Nation as determined by Chief and Council.

The Ottawa trust fund represents trust funds held in Ottawa trust accounts derived from capital or revenue sources.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

20. Reserve funds

	2023	2022
Community buildings reserve	21,544	21,544
Replacement of road equipment reserve	95,617	95,617
New housing and sanitation reserve	5,914,102	4,687,714
Water and sewer reserve	142,886	192,659
Hydro One Networks Inc. reserve	163,169	163,169
Consultation and accommodation reserve	3,432,256	3,432,256
Other department reserves	271,010	78,972
	10,040,584	8,671,931

Reserve funds are set aside by chief and council resolution for specific purposes.

21. Budget information

The disclosed budget information has been approved by the Chief and Council of the Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation at the meeting held on December 7, 2022.

22. Economic dependence

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation receives a significant portion of its revenue from Indigenous Services Canada ("ISC") as a result of Treaties entered into with the Government of Canada. These treaties are administered by Indigenous Services Canada under the terms and conditions of the Indian Act. The ability of the First Nation to continue operations is dependent upon the Government of Canada's continued financial commitments as guaranteed by these treaties.

23. Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership

Commencing with the 2012 fiscal year and in each fiscal year thereafter during the initial and renewal terms of the agreement between the Province of Ontario and Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership ("OFNLP"), the Province of Ontario shall pay to OFNLP 12 monthly payments equal to one-twelfth of 1.7% of the aggregate provincial gross gaming revenues. OFNLP then distributes to the First Nation its share of these revenues according to a formula used for that purpose. The use of these funds, according to agreements, is restricted to community development, health, education, cultural development and economic development.

The First Nation holds one unit in the Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership and a share in Ontario First Nations General Partner Inc., a related company, the carrying values of which are nominal and are therefore not reported in these consolidated financial statements.

24. Defined contribution plan

Defined contribution pension plan

The First Nation's contributions and corresponding expenditures totalled \$384,869 for the year ended March 31, 2023 (2022 - \$356,1660).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

25. Government transfers

	Operating transfers	Deferrals	2023	2022
Federal government transfers Indigenous Services Canada Health Canada	19,979,621 1,350,867	- (11,027,965) (524,369)	8,868,219 1,203,328	9,946,664 924,243
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation Federal Economic Development Agency	30,550 703,820	-	30,550 703,820	37,695
9	22,064,858	(11,552,334)	10,805,917	10,908,602
Provincial government transfers	-	-	-	-
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services	1,038,194	-	1,038,194	1,327,116
Ministry of Education	946,683	-	946,683	952,829
Ministry of Health and Long-term Care	549,426	-	549,426	376,843
Ministry of Transportation	72,900	-	72,900	72,900
	2,607,203	-	2,607,203	2,729,688
	24,672,061	(11,552,334)	13,413,120	13,638,290

26. Segments

The First Nation provides a wide range of services to its members. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information. The nature of the segments and activities they encompass are as follows:

Council and Administration

The Council and administration department oversees the delivery of all services. The department is responsible for ensuring that there are adequate policies and procedures in place to safeguard assets and to properly report financial activities. In addition, this department includes the governance activities of Chief and Council.

Public Works and Housing

The public works department is responsible for the infrastructure, including roads, water, sewer and building maintenance. The housing department is responsible for affordable housing.

Economic Development

The economic development department is responsible for promoting economic growth within the First Nation. Band operated enterprises are activities conducted by the First Nation with the objective of promoting economic self-sufficiency.

Health and Social Services

The health department provides a wide range of services directed towards the well-being of members, including such activities as pre-natal care, nursing, health representation, traditional healing, family violence and many other programs designed to enhance the health of members. The social services department is responsible for administering social assistance payments as well as providing services directed towards members.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

26. Segments (Continued from previous page)

Education

The education department provides direct elementary school services and secondary education by entering into service contracts with area school boards. In addition, the department provides sponsorship to students attending post secondary institutions.

Land, Membership and Research

The land, membership and research department is responsible for issuing status cards, registering members and processing land transfers.

Childcare

The childcare department provides services for the children of the First Nation below the age of 5.

Employment and Training

The employment and training department focuses on programs that improve and develop the general and employment skills for the First Nation's members. The programs offered are recreational and cultural programs, English as a second language and career development programs, which are held in multi-purpose and community centres.

Consultation and Accommodation

The consultation and accommodation department's mandate is to engage with governments and the private sector on land and resource matters that may impact the rights and interests of the First Nation.

Business Enterprises

The business enterprise department is comprised of related entities that are controlled by the First Nation including New Credit Variety & Gas, 8392692 Canada Inc., MCBC, MCB-LP and Nanticoke Corporation.

Community Funds

The community funds department is responsible for the administration of funds received from OFNLP, the Toronto Purchase Trust, and the Community Trust Land Claim fund.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

March 31, 2023

27. Financial Instruments

All significant financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments of the First Nation are either recognized or disclosed in the financial statements together with other information relevant for making a reasonable assessment of future cash flows, interest rate risk and credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the First Nation will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivery of cash or another financial asset. The First Nation enters into transactions to purchase goods and services on credit; borrow funds from financial institutions or other creditors, for which repayment is required at various maturity dates. Liquidity risk is measured by reviewing the First Nation's future net cash flows for the possibility of negative net cash flow.

Contractual maturity of long-term debt is disclosed in Note 16.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and Toronto Purchase Trust funds payable are both due within one year.

The First Nation manages the liquidity risk resulting from its accounts payable and accrued liabilities; Toronto Purchase Trust funds payable; and long-term debt by investing in liquid assets, such as equities.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss because a counter party to a financial instrument fails to discharge its contractual obligations. The First Nation is exposed to credit risk from its financial assets including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, due from First Nation members, due from Community Trust Land Claim fund, Ottawa trust fund, and loans receivable.

The First Nation holds its cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in accounts with chartered financial institutions.

Accounts receivable are primarily from government, corporations, and individuals. The First Nation measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long amounts have been outstanding. Credit risk is mitigated by a highly diversified nature of debtors and other customers which minimizes the First Nations concentration of credit risk. An allowance for doubtful accounts is disclosed in Note 5. This allowance is recognized based on historical experiences regarding collections.

Due from First Nation members is considered to carry moderate credit risk due to past payment behaviour.

Due from Community Trust Land Claim fund is not considered to carry significant credit risk due to its strong liquidity.

The carrying amount of the above noted financial assets best represents the maximum exposure to credit risk.

Risk management

The First Nation manages its credit risk by following up on overdue accounts and by providing allowances for potentially uncollectible accounts receivable and due from First Nations members.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statement of financial position have been classified in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets Portfolio investments - equities Portfolio investments - mutual funds	11,262,976	11,262,976	-	-
	7,807,214	7,807,214	-	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2023

27. Financial Instruments (Continued from previous page)

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The First Nation enters into transactions to purchase equities and units of mutual funds, for which the market price fluctuates.

The carrying value of portfolio investments represents the maximum exposure to other price risk.

An increase (decrease) in the market price of all portfolio investments by 15% would result in a remeasurement gain (loss) of \$2,860,529 (\$2,860,529) resulting in an increase (decrease) in remeasurement gains (losses) for a corresponding amount. There is no guarentee that the market price of portfolio investments will not vary by more than this amount.

28. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation.

Schedule 1 - Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Land	Buildings	Income Producing Properties	Income Producing Properties - CMHC	Infrastructure	Subtotal
Cost						
Balance, beginning of year Acquisition of tangible capital assets Transfer from construction in progress	555,265 - -	7,101,722 42,050 515,240	9,674,978 - -	1,300,000 70,464 -	22,187,795 109,050 -	40,819,760 221,564 515,240
Balance, end of year	555,265	7,659,012	9,674,978	1,370,464	22,296,845	41,556,564
Accumulated amortization Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization	- -	4,133,395 180,142	3,412,372 253,978	551,120 34,549	10,231,092 859,586	18,327,979 1,328,255
Balance, end of year	-	4,313,537	3,666,350	585,669	11,090,678	19,656,234
Net book value of tangible capital assets	555,265	3,345,475	6,008,628	784,795	11,206,167	21,900,330
Net book value of tangible capital assets 2022	555,265	2,968,327	6,262,606	748,880	11,956,703	22,491,781

Schedule 1 - Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Subtotal	Equipment and Furniture	Vehicles	Construction in Progress	Land Improvements	2023	2022
Cost Balance, beginning of year Acquisition of tangible capital assets Transfer from construction in progress	40,819,760 221,564 515,240	4,230,427 803,582	1,127,187 87,305	1,651,845 11,865,676 (515,240)	304,028	48,133,247 12,978,127	45,546,520 2,586,727
Balance, end of year	41,556,564	5,034,009	1,214,492	13,002,281	304,028	61,111,374	48,133,247
Accumulated amortization Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization	18,327,979 1,328,255	2,460,727 385,780	743,332 89,625	- -	96,876 20,269	21,628,914 1,823,929	19,998,424 1,630,490
Balance, end of year	19,656,234	2,846,507	832,957	-	117,145	23,452,843	21,628,914
Net book value of tangible capital assets	21,900,330	2,187,502	381,535	13,002,281	186,883	37,658,531	26,504,333
Net book value of tangible capital assets 2022	22,491,781	1,769,700	383,855	1,651,845	207,152	26,504,333	

Schedule 2 - Consolidated Schedule of Expenditures by Object For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Consolidated expenditures by object		
Administration	2,913,259	2,137,626
Advertising	225,642	140,652
Amortization	1,823,929	1,630,490
Community wellness and estate policy expenditures	8,941,000	5,905,668
Contracted services	548,031	507,341
General supplies	552,533	598,856
Insurance	189,915	169,994
Inventory	16,408,171	12,269,786
Ontario First Nation Limited Partnership expenditures	40,456	25,782
Other	320,243	142,807
Per capita distribution	461,501	818,572
Professional fees	2,314,680	3,100,096
Rental	282,706	244,301
Repairs and maintenance	1,333,590	1,115,890
Salaries and benefits	12,580,499	10,440,216
Telephone	152,573	181,513
Training	840,588	677,836
Travel	928,240	253,256
Tuition allowance	2,871,950	2,673,114
Utilities	836,795	758,775
Welfare payments	411,482	362,025
	54,977,783	44,154,596

Schedule 3 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenditures and Accumulated Surplus For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Sch	ISC revenue	Other revenue	Total revenue	Total expenditures	Current surplus (deficit)	Prior year surplus (deficit)
Segment schedules							
Council and administration	4	4,905,934	(1,882,922)	3,023,012	4,785,403	(1,762,391)	(1,791,443)
Public works and housing	5	2,226,655	4,169,396	6,396,051	3,332,936	3,063,115	2,009,009
Economic development	6	162.058	608.926	770.984	420.418	350,566	554,526
Health and social services	7	3.014.692	2,705,786	5,720,478	3,612,539	2,107,939	2,211,087
Education	8	9,180,930	2,827,537	12,008,467	8,246,485	3,761,982	1,061,833
Land, membership and research	9	182,942	381,093	564,035	304,135	259,900	(146,618)
Childcare	10	158.416	2.495.591	2.654.007	2,575,403	78.604	221,970
Employment and training	11	147,994	437.956	585.950	589,516	(3,566)	(53,799)
Consultation and accommodation	12	,	3,769,586	3,769,586	2,686,146	1,083,440	416,196
Business enterprises	13	_	18,536,358	18,536,358	17.042.157	1,494,201	23,744
Amortization of tangible capital assets	14	_	-	-	1,823,929	(1,823,929)	(1,630,490)
Community funds	15	-	11,722,361	11,722,361	9,558,716	2,163,645	10,718,175
		19,979,621	45,771,668	65,751,289	54,977,783	10,773,506	13,594,190

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Council and administration Schedule 4 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the	vear ended	March	31.	2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	4,905,934	1,690,461
Income from portfolio investments	648,015	139,247
Other income	2,570,856	2,291,086
Deferred revenue - prior year	3,344,093	1,123,440
Deferred revenue - current year	(8,445,886)	(3,344,093
Repayment of funding		(60,251
	3,023,012	1,839,890
Expenses		
Administration	620,180	332,023
Advertising	156,857	81,596
Contracted services	293	2,190
General supplies (recovery)	(198,921)	14,055
Insurance	70,687	45,936
Other (recovery)	23,081	(25,001
Professional fees	1,176,992	1,090,330
Rental	31,080	24,619
Repairs and maintenance	93,770	78,887
Salaries and benefits	2,312,406	1,867,197
Telephone	49,043	53,798
Training	109,523	59,585
Travel	340,412	6,118
	4,785,403	3,631,333
Deficit	(1,762,391)	(1,791,443

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$57,096 of costs from council administration to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Public works and housing Schedule 5 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	,	,
Revenue	2023	2022
Indigenous Services Canada	2 226 655	2,160,584
Province of Ontario	2,226,655	6,600,000
	30,550	37,695
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	72,900	72,900
Ministry of Transportation Other income	72,900 165.073	725,597
***************************************	6,913,450	1,725,345
Deferred revenue - prior year		
Deferred revenue - current year Repayment of funding	(3,012,051) (526)	(6,913,450)
Repayment of funding	(326)	(956)
	6,396,051	4,407,715
Expenses		
Administration	283,329	69,254
General supplies	25,002	12,953
Insurance	59,832	64,071
Other	2,473	11,464
Professional fees	77,462	156,908
Rental	100,643	56,209
Repairs and maintenance	973,484	700,248
Salaries and benefits	1,225,896	867,403
Telephone	13,481	11,341
Training	2,010	1,568
Travel	5,271	102
Utilities	564,053	447,185
	3,332,936	2,398,706
Surplus	3,063,115	2,009,009

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$5,784,362 of costs from public works and housing to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Mississaugas of the Credit **First Nation Economic development**

Schedule 6 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	162,058	1,487,786
Federal Economic Development Agency	703,820	-
Other income	97,134	694,656
Deferred revenue - prior year	1,273,122	71,090
Deferred revenue - current year	(1,465,150)	(1,273,122)
	770,984	980,410
Expenses		
Administration	1,152	15,629
Advertising	2,653	-
Insurance	24,250	24,650
Other	29,257	47,182
Professional fees	844	5,469
Repairs and maintenance	82,094	81,831
Salaries and benefits	142,491	134,690
Telephone	2,009	2,448
Training	263	264
Travel	403	-
Utilities	135,002	113,721
	420,418	425,884
Surplus	350,566	554,526

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$179,897 of costs from economic development to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Health and social services

Schedule 7 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	3,014,692	2,186,771
Health Canada	1,350,867	1,568,531
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Service	1,038,194	1,326,066
Ministry of Health and Long-term Care	549,426	405,888
Other income	372,542	288,072
Deferred revenue - prior year	770,086	639,197
Deferred revenue - current year	(1,347,973)	(770,086)
Repayment of funding	(27,356)	(49,274)
	5,720,478	5,595,165
Expenses		
Administration	79,930	61,953
Contracted services	88,766	149,084
General supplies	200,040	237,094
Insurance	15,665	13,499
Ontario First Nation Limited Partnership expenditures	5,000	-
Other	62,943	25,382
Professional fees	130,411	72,269
Rental	84.608	85,945
Repairs and maintenance	52,540	35,998
Salaries and benefits	1,884,344	1,815,170
Telephone	34.430	35,367
Training	342,714	342,669
Travel	114.242	32.329
Utilities	105,424	115,294
Welfare payments	411,482	362,025
	3,612,539	3,384,078
Surplus	2,107,939	2,211,087

Mississaugas of the Credit **First Nation Education**

Schedule 8 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	9,180,930	9,774,249
Other income	37,645	22,895
Deferred revenue - prior year	3,309,812	2,300,784
Deferred revenue - current year	(519,361)	(3,309,812)
Repayment of funding	(559)	-
	12,008,467	8,788,116
Expenses		
Administration	1,224,305	1,085,178
Advertising	12,683	3,643
Contracted services	6,617	126
General supplies	147,173	109,897
Insurance	4,625	5,000
Ontario First Nation Limited Partnership expenditures	3,381	582
Other	122,255	13,952
Professional fees	540,585	1,182,255
Rental	9,112	23,280
Repairs and maintenance	31,337	77,383
Salaries and benefits	2,753,047	2,213,390
Telephone	24,678	50,617
Training	60,941	30,324
Travel	433,796	199,419
Tuition allowance	2,871,950	2,673,114
Utilities	-	58,123
	8,246,485	7,726,283
Surplus	3,761,982	1,061,833

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$6,153,670 of costs from education to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Land, membership and research Schedule 9 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	182,942	77,863
Other income	377,593	93,500
Deferred revenue - prior year	73,364	61,727
Deferred revenue - current year	(52,312)	(73,364)
Repayment of funding	(17,552)	(13,043)
	564,035	146,683
Expenses		
Administration	19,210	9,647
General supplies	-	1,688
Insurance	159	2,000
Other	1,609	567
Professional fees	44,047	20,000
Rental	9,620	9,000
Repairs and maintenance	5,343	6,077
Salaries and benefits	208,592	231,953
Telephone	5,934	6,284
Travel (recovery)	927	(174)
Utilities	8,694	6,259
	304,135	293,301
Surplus (deficit)	259,900	(146,618)

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$2,378 of costs from land, membership and research to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Childcare Schedule 10 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	158,416	156,076
Ministry of Education	946,683	952,829
Other income	1,661,680	1,210,819
Deferred revenue - prior year	304,344	139,928
Deferred revenue - current year	(374,657)	(304,344)
Repayment of funding	(42,459)	(100,725)
	2,654,007	2,054,583
Expenses		
Administration	211,105	165,616
Advertising	50,458	53,823
General supplies	306,828	157,442
Insurance	8,197	8,838
Other	2,391	2,037
Professional fees	52,130	35,896
Rental	9,740	8,925
Repairs and maintenance	56,311	74,154
Salaries and benefits	1,814,144	1,279,068
Telephone	3,136	2,687
Training	27,777	35,905
Travel	26,430	3,403
Utilities	6,756	4,819
	2,575,403	1,832,613
Surplus	78,604	221,970

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$171,264 of costs from childcare to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Employment and training Schedule 11 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the	vear	ended	March	31.	2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada	147,994	148,316
Aboriginal Labour Force Development Circle	432,914	368,079
Other income	80,294	69,835
Deferred revenue - prior year	190,125	95,946
Deferred revenue - current year	(265,377)	(190,125)
	585,950	492,051
Expenses		
Administration	137,008	154,859
Salaries and benefits	224,130	178,961
Training	221,273	200,427
Travel	7,105	11,603
	589,516	545,850
Deficit	(3,566)	(53,799)

Consultation and accommodation Schedule 12 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the year ended March 31, 2023

		2022
Revenue		
Other income	3,769,586	2,926,285
Deferred revenue - prior year	-	31,369
	3,769,586	2,957,654
Expenses		
Administration	130,433	105,733
Contracted services	452,355	355,941
Insurance	6,500	6,000
Other	11,028	2,149
Professional fees	251,531	497,193
Rental	33,120	31,540
Repairs and maintenance	5,988	6,729
Salaries and benefits	1,692,852	1,505,187
Telephone	17,904	17,269
Training	75,160	7,094
Travel	581	455
Utilities	8,694	6,168
	2,686,146	2,541,458
Surplus	1,083,440	416,196

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$123,934 of costs from consultation and accommodation to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Business enterprises

Schedule 13 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the	vear	ended	March	31.	2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Sales from business enterprises	17,921,204	13,453,434
Increase (decrease) in investment in government business enterprises	615,154	(610,753)
	18,536,358	12,842,681
Expenses		
Administration	188,351	116,846
Advertising	2,991	1,590
General supplies	72,411	65,726
Inventory purchases	16,408,171	12,269,786
Rental	4,783	4,783
Repairs and maintenance	32,723	43,883
Salaries and benefits	322,597	307,416
Telephone	1,958	1,702
Utilities	8,172	7,205
	17,042,157	12,818,937
Surplus	1,494,201	23,744

Amortization of tangible capital assets Schedule 14 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses

For the	year	ended	March	31,	2023

	2023	2022
Expenses Amortization	1,823,929	1,630,490
Deficit	(1,823,929)	(1,630,490)

Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation Community funds Schedule 15 - Consolidated Schedule of Revenue and Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Income from portfolio investments	261,997	349,255
Ontario First Nation Limited Partnership revenue	1,135,325	801,645
Toronto Purchase Trust revenue (Note 15)	9,919,110	16,192,109
Community Trust Land Claim Fund revenue	319,890	214,790
Other income	86,039	86,039
	11,722,361	17,643,838
Expenses Administration Community wellness and estate policy expenditures (Note 15) Ontario First Nation Limited Partnership expenditures Other	18,256 8,941,000 32,075 65,206	20,888 5,905,668 25,200 65,077
Per capita distribution	461,501	818,572
Professional fees	40,678	39,777
Repairs and maintenance	-	10,700
Salaries and benefits	-	39,781
	9,558,716	6,925,663
Surplus	2,163,645	10,718,175

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the First Nation capitalized \$505,530 of costs from community funds to tangible capital assets on the consolidated statement of financial position.